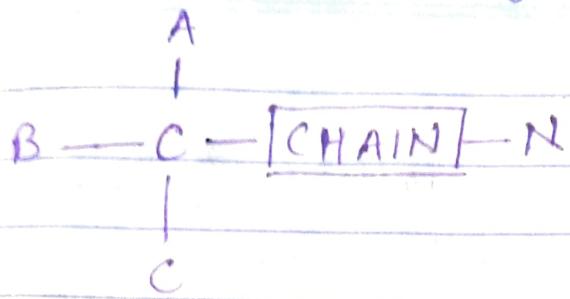


Anticholinergic SAR



A, B = bulky gp

e.g. cycloalkyl, aromatic

C = H, OH, carbamamide

- The N is separated from the C by a chain that may be ester, ether or hydrocarbon.
- gp A & B contain at least one aromatic moiety capable of van der waal's interaction to receptor surface and one cycloaliphatic moiety for hydrophobic interaction.
- C may be OH or carbamamide for formation of H-bonding.

① cationic head -

The antich molecule attached to ch side through the quaternary ammonium comp but for tertiary amine there is a need to change into c⁺ head by protonation.

② Hydroxyl group -

- Hydroxyl gp enhance the antimuscarinic activity
- It strengthens the binding with receptor by H-bonding

③ Esteric gp -

Ester gp increase the potency of the comp