

Woodward - Fieser Rule for dienes: (28)

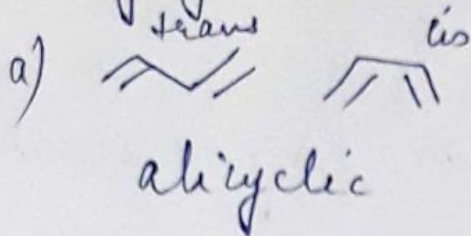
Value of λ_{max} depends on:-

- No. of alkyl substituents or ring residues on = bond.
- No. of = bonds, which extend conjugation
- +ve of polar gfs (-Cl, -Br, -OR etc)

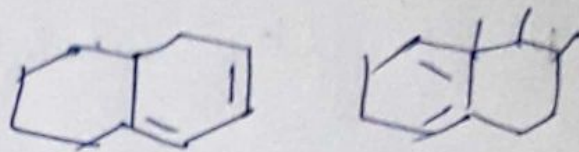
<u>Basic value group</u>	<u>Homoannular</u>	<u>Heteroannular</u>
<u>Basic value</u>	253 nm	214 nm
<u>Groups Giving λ_{max}</u>		
i) = bond	+ 30 nm	+ 30 nm
ii) alkyl sub. or ring residue	+ 5 nm	+ 5 nm
iii) exocyclic = bond	+ 5 nm	+ 5 nm
iv) -OCOCH ₃	0	0
v) -OR	+ 6 nm	+ 6 nm
vi) -SR	+ 30 nm	+ 30 nm
vii) -Cl, Br	+ 5 nm	+ 5 nm
viii) -NR ₂	+ 60 nm	+ 60 nm

Conjugated dienes

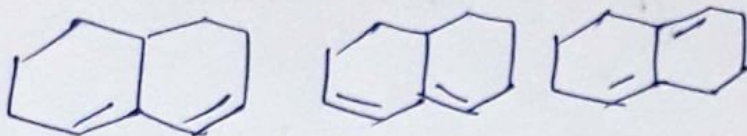
(21)



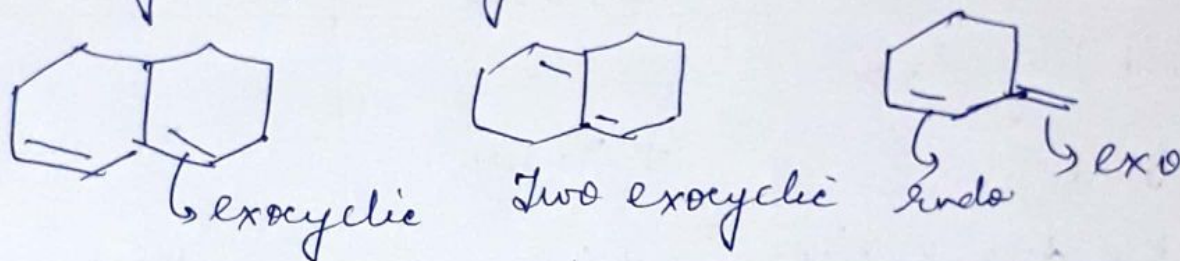
b) Homoannular



c) Heteroannular

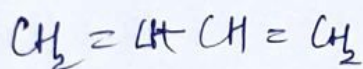


d) Exocyclic / Endocyclic



Examples:-

①

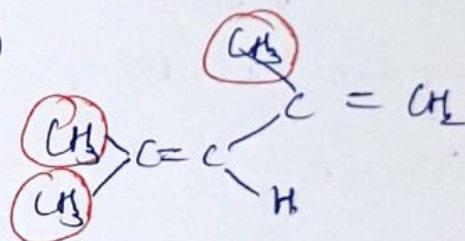


1,3 butadiene

Calculated $\lambda_{\text{max}} = 214 \text{ nm}$

Observed $\lambda_{\text{max}} = 217 \text{ nm}$

②



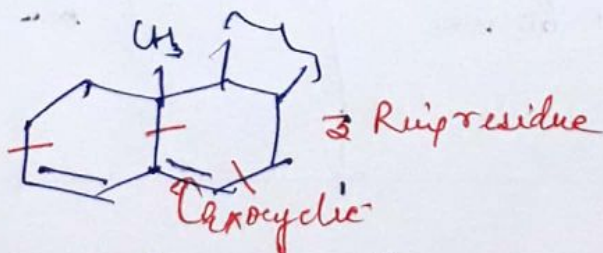
Basic value $\approx 214 \text{ nm}$

3 alkyl grps $= 15 \text{ nm}$

Calculated $= 229 \text{ nm}$

Observed $= 228 \text{ nm}$

③

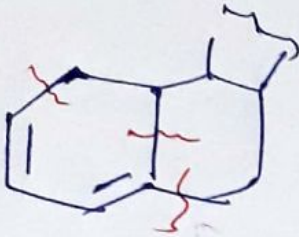
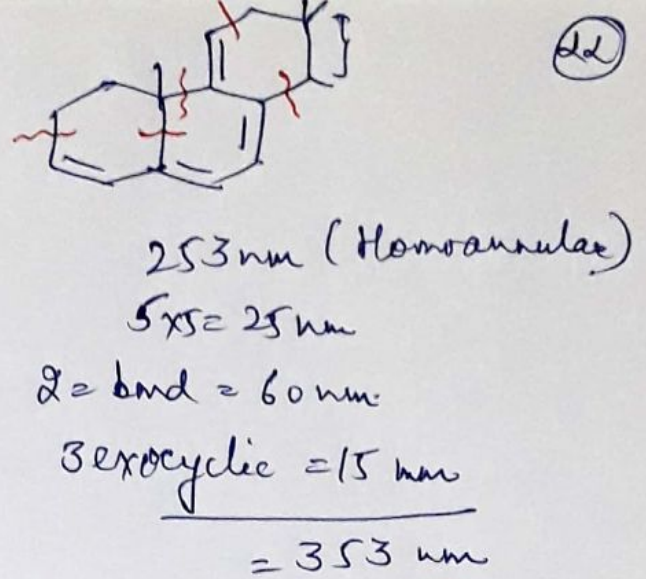
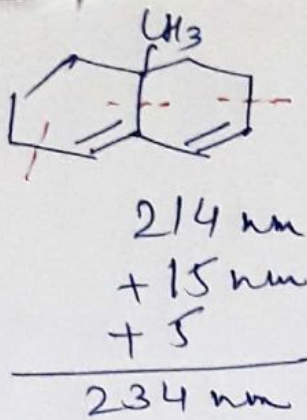


Basic value $= 214 \text{ nm}$

Three ring residue $= 15 \text{ nm}$

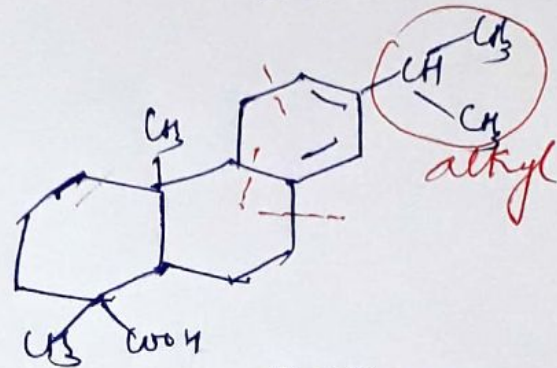
One exocyclic $= 5 \text{ nm}$
 234 nm

Observed $\lambda_{\text{max}} = 235 \text{ nm}$

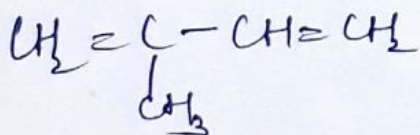


Homoannular 253 nm
 3 ring + 15 nm
 residue 5 nm
 exocyclic

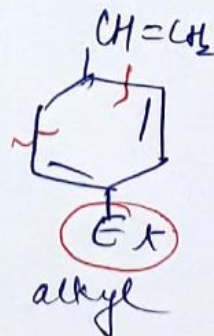
$$\lambda_{\text{max}} = 273 \text{ nm}$$



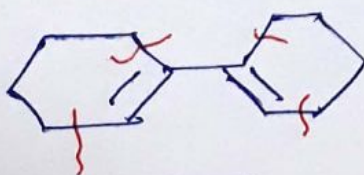
$$\begin{array}{r}
 253 \text{ nm} \\
 3 \text{ ring} \quad 15 \text{ nm} \\
 \text{residue} \quad 5 \text{ nm} \\
 2 \text{ alkyl} \quad 5 \text{ nm} \\
 \text{exocyclic} \quad 5 \text{ nm} \\
 \hline
 278 \text{ nm}
 \end{array}$$



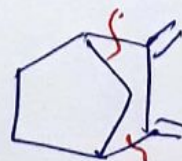
$$\begin{array}{r}
 217 \text{ nm} \\
 + 5 \\
 \hline
 222 \text{ nm}
 \end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{r}
 253 \text{ nm} \\
 + 10 \text{ nm} \\
 + 5 \text{ nm} \\
 \hline
 268 \text{ nm}
 \end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{r}
 215 \text{ nm} \\
 20 \text{ nm} \\
 \hline
 235 \text{ nm}
 \end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{r}
 217 \text{ nm} \\
 10 \text{ nm} \\
 10 \text{ nm} \\
 \text{Strain correction} \quad 15 \text{ nm} \\
 \hline
 252 \text{ nm}
 \end{array}$$

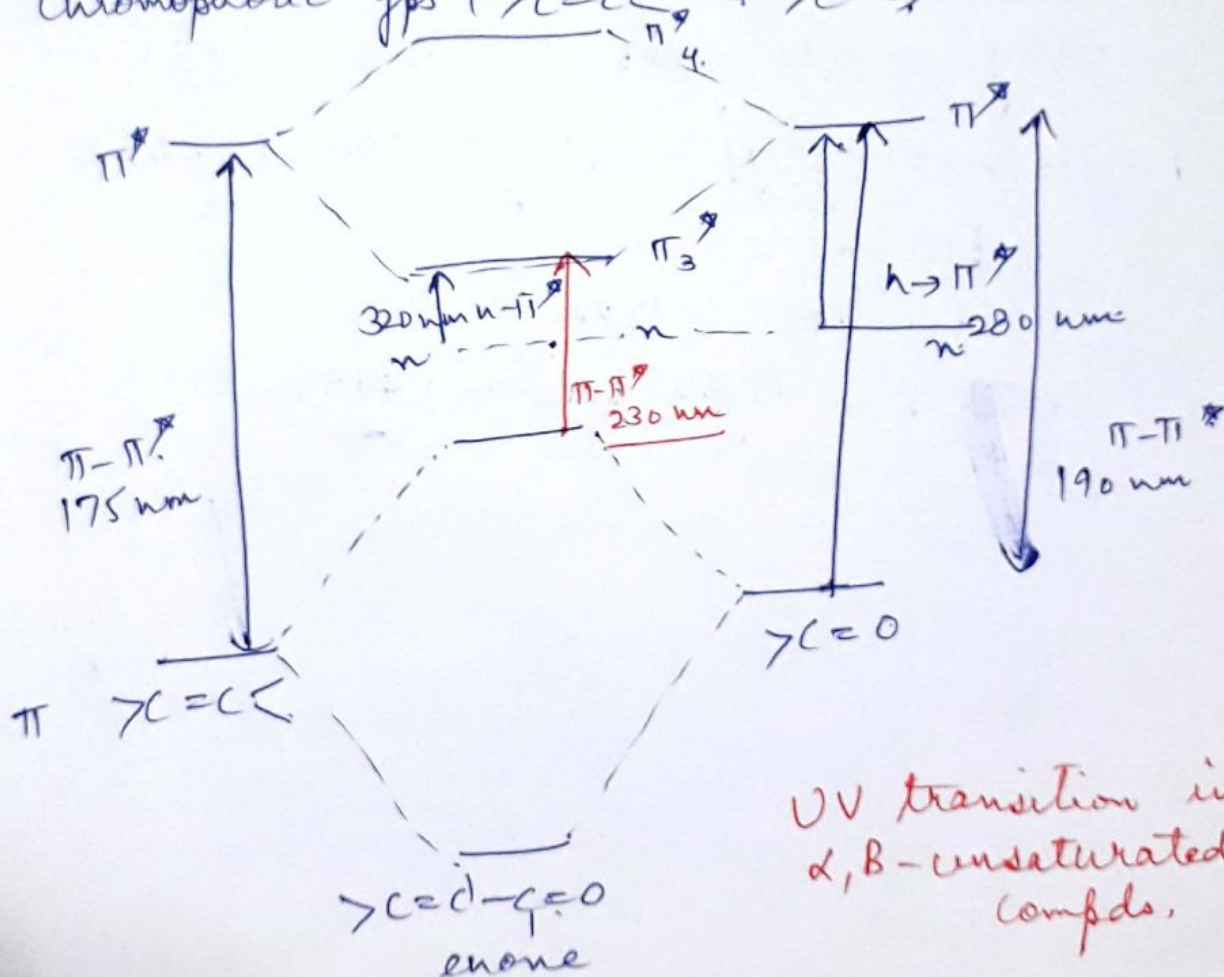
α, β - Unsaturated Ketones or Enones ⁽²³⁾

→ In α, β - unsaturated carbonyl compounds, $\text{C}=\text{C}$ bond & $\text{C}=\text{O}$ gp are in conjugation & are known as enones.

→ They have

- i) intense absorption band (K-band) in 215-250 nm region due to $\pi \rightarrow \pi^*$ transition ($\epsilon_{\text{max}} = 10^4 - 20^4$)
- ii) Weak absorption band (R-band) in 310-330 nm ($\epsilon_{\text{max}} = 100$) due to $n \rightarrow \pi^*$ transition as compared to $\pi \rightarrow \pi^*$ transition at 165 nm in alkenes & $n \rightarrow \pi^*$ transition at 280 nm in $\text{C}=\text{O}$ (sat. ketones)

→ In enones, energy diff. b/w Ground state & excited state is less due to conjugation of two chromophoric gps ($\text{C}=\text{C}$ & $\text{C}=\text{O}$)



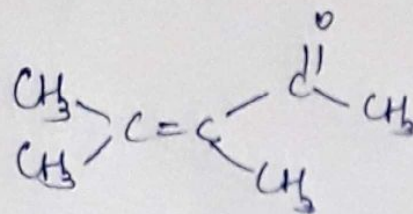
UV transition in α, β - unsaturated $\text{C}=\text{O}$ compds.

Woodward Fieser Rule :

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- 1) Basic value of α, β -unsaturated ketone (acyclic/six membered) = 215 nm.
- 2) If = bond & $>C=O$ in five membered ring (cyclopentenone), then Basic value = 202 nm.
- 3) Acyclic dienones, Basic value = 245 nm.
- 4) Structural addition:
 - a) For each = bond extending conjugation ± 30 nm
 - b) For homoannular conjugated diene = +39 nm component
 - c) For each exocyclic = bond = +5 nm
 - d) For each = bond endocyclic in 5 or 7 membered ring except cyclopent-2-enone = +5 nm
 - e) For each alkyl gp or ring residue at the
 - α position = +10 nm
 - β position = +12 nm
 - γ or δ or higher position = +18 nm

1)



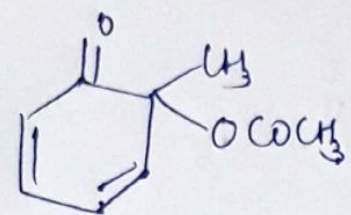
Acyclic enone basic value = 215 nm

One α -CH₃ gp = +10 nm

Two β -CH₃ gp $2 \times 12 = +24$ nm

Calculated $\lambda_{max} = 249$ nm

2)



Six membered enone basic value = 215 nm

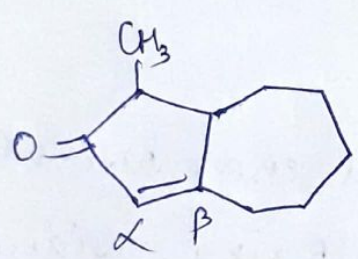
One = bond extending conjugation = +30 nm

Homocyclic diene = +39 nm

Ring residue = +18 nm

Calculated $\lambda_{max} = 302$ nm

3)



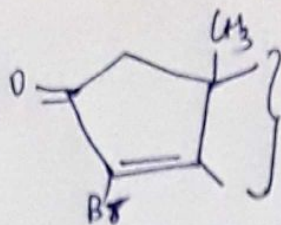
Five membered enone basic value = 202 nm

Two β ring residue = 24 nm

One exocyclic = 5 nm

Calculated $\lambda_{max} = 231$ nm

4)



(26)

Five membered enone basic value = 202 nm

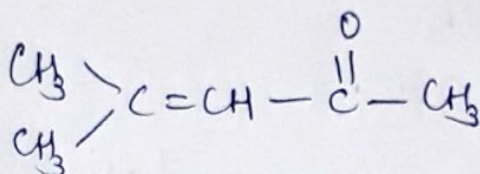
One auxochrome (-Br) at α position = +25 nm

Two β -ring residue $2 \times 12 = +24$ nm

One exocyclic π bond = +5 nm

Calculated $\lambda_{max} = \underline{256 \text{ nm}}$

5)



cyclic ketone basic value = 215 nm

Two β -alkyl ring residue = 24 nm

Calculated $\lambda_{max} = \underline{239 \text{ nm}}$

6)



Six membered enone basic value = 215 nm

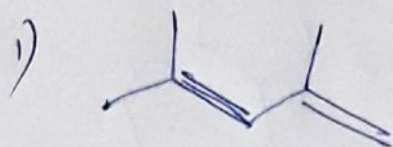
Two β ring residues = 24 nm

One exocyclic bond = +5 nm

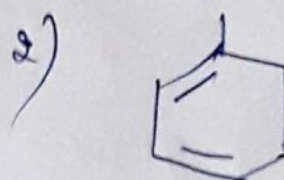
$\lambda_{max} = \underline{244 \text{ nm}}$

Problems

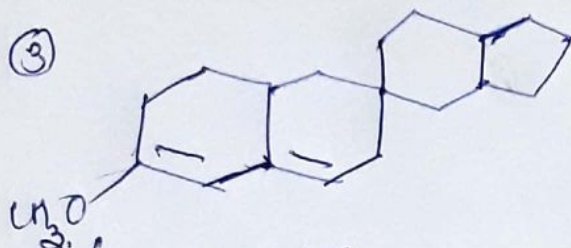
(27)



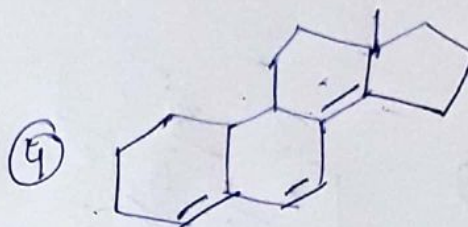
$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Core} &= 215 \text{ nm} \\
 3 \text{ alkyl gps} &= +15 \text{ nm} \\
 \text{Other} &= 0 \\
 \hline
 &230 \text{ nm} \\
 \text{Observed} &= 234 \text{ nm}
 \end{aligned}$$



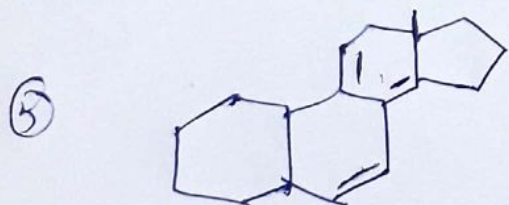
$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Core} &= 253 \text{ nm} \\
 1 \text{ alkyl gp} &= 5 \text{ nm} \\
 2 \text{ ring residue} &= 10 \text{ nm} \\
 \hline
 &268 \text{ nm}
 \end{aligned}$$



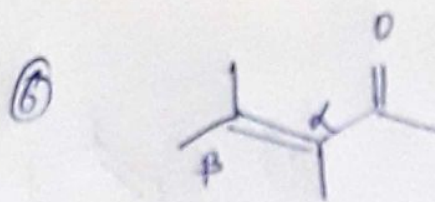
$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Core} &= 215 \text{ nm} \\
 3 \text{ ring residue} &= 15 \text{ nm} \\
 1 \text{ alkoxy gp} &= 6 \text{ nm} \\
 \text{Exocyclic} &= \text{bond} = 5 \text{ nm} \\
 \hline
 &241 \text{ nm}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Core} &= 215 \text{ nm} \\
 5 \text{ ring residues} &= 25 \text{ nm} \\
 1 = \text{bond} &= 30 \text{ nm} \\
 \text{Extending conjugation} &= 30 \text{ nm} \\
 3 \text{ exocyclic bond} &= +15 \text{ nm} \\
 \hline
 &285 \text{ nm}
 \end{aligned}$$

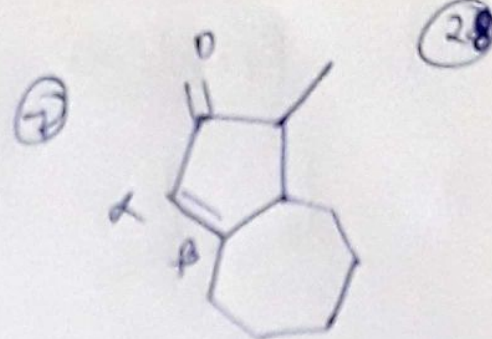


$$\begin{aligned}
 &253 \text{ nm} \\
 &25 \text{ nm} \\
 \text{exo} &15 \text{ nm} \\
 = \text{bond} &30 \text{ nm} \\
 \hline
 &323 \text{ nm}
 \end{aligned}$$



+ 215 nm

1st α position	10 nm
2nd β position	$2 \times 12 = 24$ nm
	249 nm

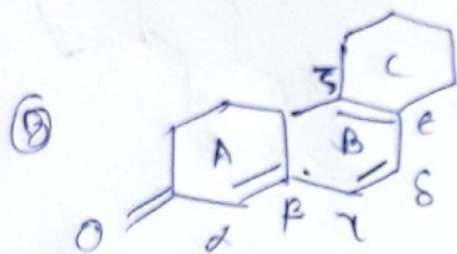


cyclopentenone = 202 nm

α = -

2nd β = 24 nm

1 exocyclic	= 5 nm
	231 nm



cyclohexenone 215 nm

α position -

β position 12 nm

γ " -

δ " -

ϵ position 18 nm

2nd γ " 60 nm

Homocannabidiene system 35 nm

ring B	+ 5 nm
1 exocyclic	
	381 nm