Vhat is Economic Growth?

Economic growth can be referred to as that increase which is witnessed in the monetary value of all the goods and services that are produced in the economy during a time period. It is one type of quantitative measure which reflects the potential increase of the number of business transactions taking place in the economy.

Vhat is Economic evelopment?

Economic development refers to the process by which the overall health, well-being, and academic level of the general population of a nation improve. It also means improved production volume due to the advancements of technology.

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It is the qualitative improvement in the life of citizens of a country and is most appropriately determined by the Human Development Index (HDI). The overall development of a country is based on many parameters such as the creation of job opportunities, echnological advancements, standard f living, living conditions, per capita ncome, quality of life, improvement in elf-esteem needs, GDP, industrial and nfrastructural development, etc.

Measures of economic development will look at:

- Real income per head GDP per capita
- Levels of literacy and education standards
- Levels of healthcare e.g. number of doctors per 1000 population
- Quality and availability of housing
- Levels of environmental standards
- Life expectancy.

- Economic growth means an increase in real national income
 / national output.
- Economic development means an improvement in the quality of life and living standards, e.g. measures of literacy, lifeexpectancy and health care.

Economic growth measures an increase in Real GDP (real output). GDP is a measure of the national income / national output and national expenditure. It basically measures the total volume of goods and services produced in an economy.

Economic development

Development looks at a wider range of statistics than just GDP per capita. Development is concerned with how people are actually affected. It looks at their actual living standards and the freedom they have to enjoy a good standard of living.

BASIS FOR COMPARISON	ECONOMIC GROWTH	ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
Ieaning	Economic Growth is the positive change in the real output of the country in a particular span of time.	Economic Development involves rise in the level of production in an economy along with the advancement of technology, improvement in living standards and so on.
oncept	Narrow	Broad
cope	Increase in the indicators like GDP, per capita income etc.	Improvement in life expectancy rate, infant mortality rate, literacy rate and poverty rates.
'erm	Short term process	Long term process
pplicable to	Developed Economies	Developing Economies
Iow it can be neasured?	Upward movement in national income.	Upward movement in real national income.
Vhich kind of hanges are xpected?	Quantitative changes	Qualitative and quantitative changes
ype of process	Automatic	Manual
Vhen it arises?	In a certain period of time.	Continuous process.



1. What is Economic Growth?

Ans:Economic growth referred to the rise in national income, percapita income and production. Economic growth is said to occur if the production of goods and service increases by any means. We can explain economic growth another way Economic growth is an increase in the real GDP of a nation over a particular period of time.

(Economic growth is a sustained increase over a long period in the quantity of material goods and service produced in the economy. Growth has normally been associated with increase in material well-being i.e. quantity produced per person with growing population.)

2. What is Economic development?

Ans: Economic development means In addition to the rise in per capita income or production when the fundamental developments also goes on like the structural changes —which includes improvement in the living standard of the people, schools, hospitals and many infrastructural changes in the country. Economic development consist of rising of industry, growing urbanization, falling of population growth rate and changing age structure, changes in the consumption process and pattern of living.





ECONOLUC COOLUTIL	ESCALARA DELIEN CONTENT
ECONOMIC GROWTH	ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
Economic growth is simply implies the increase in	Economic Development is production increase plus
production (Increase in real GDP, National	social welfare. (Improvement in the standard of
income,per-capita income and product)it mainly	living, schools, hospitals, and infrastructural
depends on economic factors.	changes in the country). It mainly depends on
	economic factors as well as non-economic factors
	and socio cultural factor.
It is a quantitative concept.	It is a qualitative concept.
Economic growth can be measured easily by	Economic development is easier to describe the
annual increase in per capita income after a	process of development than to measure it. It
certain period of time.	cannot be measured.
Economic growth is an one-dimensional or uni-	Economic development is a Multi-dimensional
dimensional concept .because it only focuses on	concept .because it focuses on the various aspect
the production development.	of development of the society.
It is just a means of economic development.	It is the ultimate objective of the economy. thus it is
it is just a means or economic development	end in itself.
Economic growth can be achieved without	Economic development is seldom be achieved
economic development.	without economic growth.
It is the major concern of the developed country	It is the major concern of the under developed and
It is the major concern of the developed country	developed country
	developed country





ECONOMIC GROWTH

The term economic growth is only concerned with raising income level and volume of production of goods and services.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

The basic feature of economic development is to raise income level and improve welfare.











 In ordinary discussion, people use these two words interchangeably. But economists argue that economic development is not identical with growth. These are two slightly different concepts



Scope

ECONOMIC GROWTH

Scope of economic growth is narrow because it is concerned with changes in income level only.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Scope of economic development is wide and comprehensive than economic growth. Its link is not only with income but also with the prosperity of the society and economy.



Applicable to

ECONOMIC GROWTH	ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
Economic growth is the problem of developed countries of the world.	Economic development is the problem of developing countries.





ECONOMIC GROWTH

Economic growth is a short-term process. We can measure income changes yearly. So, its time span may be of one year.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Economic development is a longterm process. (more than 10 years). Because it takes years to change social, economic and institutional set-up.



Type of process

ECONOMIC GROWTH	ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
Automatic	Manual



Social Impact

ECONOMIC GROWTH

There may or may not be any social changes in case of economic growth. It ignores the human beings and it is only concerned with income level etc.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Social changes, in case of economic development, are compulsory. It refers to the better jobs, availability of food, better health and education etc.



Use of Technology

ECONOMIC GROWTH	ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
In economic growth, use of advanced technology is not appreciated.	For the economic development use of modern technology is compulsory.



Measurement

ECONOMIC GROWTH	ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
Quantitative . Increases in real	Qualitative .HDI (Human
GDP.	Development Index), gender related index (GDI), Human poverty index (HPI), infant
	mortality, literacy rate etc.



Economic Growth = Annual increase in per capita income

 Economic Development = Economic Growth + Qualitative Changes



✓ It Is Possible To Have Economic Growth Without Development ?

