M.A/M. Sc (Two Years Degree Programme) **IV** Semester **Subject- Geography Code of the Course** GEG9121T **Title of the Course** ADVANCED GEOGRAPHY OF RAJASTHAN **Qualification Level of** NHEQF Level 6.5 the Course Credit of the Course **Type of the Course** DSE **Delivery type of the** Lecture (40+20=60). The 40 hours for content delivery and 20 hours of diagnostic assessment, formative assessment, and Course subject/ class activity, problem solving. •This course on the Geography of Rajasthan assumes that the **Prerequisites** are familiar with the basic physical and economic characteristics of Rajasthan (RBSE class 12th level). **Co-requisites** None •To give a comprehensive & integrated knowledge and understanding of geography of the state. • To give an overview of the location, physical divisions, drainage system, climate, vegetation, people and economic **Objectives of the** aspects of the state. • To give an understanding of the strength and challenges of the Course state. • The course would help students to contextualize their further learnings, teaching and research on various relevant issues facing the state. • Knowledge and understanding of location and physical **Learning Outcomes** characteristics and natural resources of Rajasthan. • Knowledge and understanding of human resources of

		Rajasthan. • Knowledge and understanding of agricultural activities of Rajasthan. • Knowledge and understanding of minerals, energy resources and industrial development of Rajasthan. • Knowledge and understanding of transportation, tourism and drought.	
		Syllabus	
		पाठ्यक्रम	
Unit 1 :	Rajasthan in the context of India; location and diversity and unity. Physical divisions of Rajasthan. Drainage system of Rajasthan. Climate: Seasons, Monsoon, Climatic regions by Koeppen and Thornhwaite . Types of forest and soil.		
	भारत के संदर्भ में राजस्थानः स्थिति एवं विविधता एवं एकता। राजस्थान के भौतिक विभाग। राजस्थान का अपवाह तंत्र। जलवायुः ऋतुएं, मानसून, कोपेन एवं थानीवेट का जलवायु वर्गीकरण। वन एवं मृदा के प्रकार।		
Unit 2 :	Occupation Rajasthan associated	n: Distribution, Density, Growth, Literacy, Sex-ratio, onal structure, Urbanization and Migration. Major tribes of : Bhil, Meena, Sahria, Garasia and Kathodi. Population: I problems.	
	नगरीकरण	वितरण, घनत्व, वृद्धि, साक्षरता, लिंगानुपात, व्यावसायिक संरचना, एवं प्रवास। राजस्थान की प्रमुख जनजातियांः भील, मीणा, सहरिया, वं कथौड़ी। जनसंख्याः संबंधित समस्याएं।	
Unit 3:	Bajra, Wl Major irri Area and major bre Major agr	the of agriculture in economy of Rajasthan. Major crops: study of meat, Maize, Cotton, pulses and oilseed. Sources of irrigation, agation projects: Indira Gandhi Canal and Chambal Command Associated problems. Livestock resource: Distribution and eds of Sheep, Goat, Cattle, Buffalo, Camel; Dairy development. icultural problems and their solution.	
	मक्का, कप सिंचाई परि समस्याएं।	की अर्थव्यवस्था में कृषि का योगदान। प्रमुख फसलेंः बाजरा, गेंहू, ास, दलहन एवं तिलहन फसलों का अध्ययन। सिंचाई के साधन, प्रमुख रेयोजनाएंः इंदिरा गांधी नहर एवं चंबल नियंत्रण क्षेत्र तथा संबंधित पशुधनः भेड़, बकरी, गाय, भेंस एवं ऊंट का वितरण एवं प्रमुख नस्लें, ास। कृषि संबंधी प्रमुख समस्याएं एवं उपाय।	
Unit 4:		Distribution of Copper, Rock phosphate, Mica, Marble, e, Lignite, Petroleum and Natural gas. Development of	

	Hydroelectricity, Solar energy, Wind energy and Atomic energy. Major industries: Zinc, Cement and Cotton Textile industry. Industrial Development and problems in Rajasthan. खिनजः तांबा, रॉक फास्फेट, अभ्रक, मार्बल एवं ग्रेनाइट, चुना पत्थर, लिग्नाइट, पेट्रोलियम एवं प्राकृतिक गैस का वितरण। जल विद्युत, सौर ऊर्जा, पवन ऊर्जा एवं परमाणु ऊर्जा का विकास। प्रमुख उद्योगः जस्ता, सीमेंट एवं सूती वस्त्र उद्योग। राजस्थान में औद्योगिक विकास एवं समस्याएं।
Unit 5:	Means of transportation: development of Roads, Railways and Airports. Tourism circuits.Basis of regions of Rajasthan and study of schemes of regionalization of R.L. Singh, Detailed study of Marusthali and Aravali regions. Environmental problems and Conservation; Desertification, Deforestation and Bio-diversity. Special area development programs in Rajasthan: Drought prone area programme (DPAP), Aravali development programme (ADP), Desert development programme (DDP). परिवहन के साधनः सडकें, रेलमार्ग एवं हवाई अड्डों का विकास। पर्यटन मंडलः राजस्थान में सूखाः प्रकृति एवं कारण। राजस्थान में प्रादेशीकरण के आधार एवं आर.एल. सिंह द्वारा प्रस्तुत रूपरेखा का अध्ययन तथा प्रमुख वृहत् प्रदेश। मरूस्थली एवं अरावली प्रदेश का विस्तृत अध्ययन। पर्यावरणीय समस्याएँ और संरक्षण, मरुस्थलीकरण, वनों की कटाई और जैव–विविधता। राजस्थान में विशेष क्षेत्रीय विकास कायक्रमः सूखा प्रवण क्षेत्र कार्यक्रम, अरावली विकास कार्यक्रम, मरुविकास कार्यक्रम।
	Suggested Readings सहायक ग्रंथ / सामग्री
Text Books	 Chauhan, T.S., geography of Rajasthan, Rawat Publications, Jodhpur Saxena, H.M., Geography of Rajasthan, Rawat Publications, Jaipur Sharma, P.K, Mishra, Preeti, Geography of Rajasthan, Pareek Publication, Jaipur Bhalla, L. R., Geography of Rajasthan, Kuldeep Publication, Ajmer. शर्मा, एच. एस., शर्मा, एम. एल., राजस्थान का भूगोल, पंचशील प्रकाशन, जयपुर सक्सेना, हिर्मोहन, राजस्थान का भूगोल, राजस्थान हिंदी ग्रंथ अकादमी, जयपुर भल्ला, आर. एल., राजस्थान का भूगोल, कुलदीप पब्लिकेशन्स, जयपुर
References Books	 Mishra, V. C., Geography of Rajasthan, National Book Trust, New Delhi. Census of India, Rajasthan Series, General Population Tables of 1961 to 2011. DST (Govt. of Rajasthan), Resource Atlas of Rajasthan, Jaipur Govt. of Rajasthan, Statistical Abstract (Latest Edition), Jaipur NCEAR. Tecno-economic Survey of Rajasthan, Vol. 1 & 2, New Delhi
Suggested E-	• https://censusindia.gov.in/ • https://water.rajasthan.gov.in/

Resources	• https://forest.rajasthan.gov.in		
	• www.agriculture.rajasthan.gov.in/		
	• https://rajcensus.gov.in/PE_DATA.html		
	• https://animalhusbandry.rajasthan.gov.in/		
	• https://mines.rajasthan.gov.in/dmgcms/page?menuName=Home		
	• https://energy.rajasthan.gov.in/rrecl/		
	• https://www.tourism.rajasthan.gov.in/		