M.Sc. (FINAL) BOTANY

PAPER -V TAXONOMY OF ANGIOSPERMS, PLANT DEVELOPMENT AND REPRODUCTION

UNIT-I

- 1. Taxonomic hierarchy Species, genus, family and other categories; principles used in assessing relationships, delimitation of taxa and attribution of rank.
- 2. Principles of nomenclature.
- 3. Systems of angiosperm classification Phenetic versus phylogenetic systems; cladistics in taxonomy, broad outline and relative merits and demerits of major systems of classification (Bentham and Hooker; Engler and Prantl; Hutchinson; Takhtajan; Thorne; Dahlgren).

UNIT-II

- 4. Taxonomic evidence Role of morphology, anatomy, embryology, palynology, cytology, phytochemistry, genome analysis and nucleic acid hybridization in taxonomy.
- 5. Range of floral variation and trends of evolution in the Ranales, Centrospermales, Tubiflorales, Amentiferae and Helobiales.

- 6. Distribution, morphological characteristics, range of floral variation, trends of evolution and systematic position of the following families:
 - Combretacae, Cactaceae, Compositae, Araceae, Lemnaceae, Poaceae, Orobanchaceae, Loranthaceae and Lentibulariaceae.
- 7. Phylogeny of angiosperms.

UNIT-III

- 8. Unique features of plant development; differences between animal and plant development.
- 9. Shoot development- Organization of the shoot apical meristems (SAM), cytological and molecular analysis in SAM.
- 10. Root development Organization of root apical meristem (RAM), vascular tissue differentiation; lateral roots; root hairs; root-microbe interaction.
- 11. Reproduction: Flower its evolution; foliar stamens; open carpels; primitive living angiosperms; floral anatomy; inferior ovary; placentation and its evolution.

UNIT-IV

12. Male gametophyte – Structure of anthers; microsporogenesis; role of tapetum; pollen germination, pollen tube growth and guidance.

- 13. Female gametophyte Megasporogenesis, organization of the embryo sac, types of embryo sacs; synergid and antipodal haustoria.
- 14. Pollination, pollen-pistil interaction; fertilization, double fertilization, in vitro fertilization.
- 15. Endosperm Types, ultrastructure, endosperm haustoria, their extension, persistence and function.

UNIT-V

- 16. Embryo-Polarisation of Zygote, embryogenic types, organogenesis of mono and dicot embryos. Structure and function of suspensor, physiological and morphogenetical relationship of endosperm and embryo, embryo culture
- 17. Polyembryony Types; genetic, somatic and pollen embryo.
- 18. Apomixis.
- 19. Embryo culture.

M.Sc. (FINAL) BOTANY

PAPER-VI PLANT PHYSIOLOGY AND METABOLISM

UNIT-I

Energy Flow: Principles of thermodynamics, free energy and chemical potential, redox reactions, structure and function of ATP, Types and mechanism of Phosphorylations.

Fundamentals of enzymology: General aspects, allosteric mechanism, regulatory and active sites, isoenzymes, kinetics of enzymatic catalysis, Michaelis-Menten equation and its significance.

Membrane transport and translocation of water and solutes: Plant-water relations, mechanism of water transport through xylem, root-microbe interactions in facilitating nutrient uptake, comparison of xylem and phloem transport, phloem loading and unloading, passive and active solute transport, membrane transport proteins.

UNIT-II

Signal transduction: Overview, receptors and G-proteins, phospholipid signaling, role of cyclic nucleotides, calcium-calmodulin cascade, diversity in protein kinases and phosphatases, specific signaling mechanisms, e.g., two-component sensor-regulator system in bacteria and plants, sucrose-sensing mechanism.