- 13. Female gametophyte Megasporogenesis, organization of the embryo sac, types of embryo sacs; synergid and antipodal haustoria.
- 14. Pollination, pollen-pistil interaction; fertilization, double fertilization, in vitro fertilization.
- 15. Endosperm Types, ultrastructure, endosperm haustoria, their extension, persistence and function.

UNIT-V

- 16. Embryo-Polarisation of Zygote, embryogenic types, organogenesis of mono and dicot embryos. Structure and function of suspensor, physiological and morphogenetical relationship of endosperm and embryo, embryo culture
- 17. Polyembryony Types; genetic, somatic and pollen embryo.
- 18. Apomixis.
- 19. Embryo culture.

M.Sc. (FINAL) BOTANY

PAPER-VI PLANT PHYSIOLOGY AND METABOLISM

UNIT-I

Energy Flow: Principles of thermodynamics, free energy and chemical potential, redox reactions, structure and function of ATP, Types and mechanism of Phosphorylations.

Fundamentals of enzymology: General aspects, allosteric mechanism, regulatory and active sites, isoenzymes, kinetics of enzymatic catalysis, Michaelis-Menten equation and its significance.

Membrane transport and translocation of water and solutes: Plant-water relations, mechanism of water transport through xylem, root-microbe interactions in facilitating nutrient uptake, comparison of xylem and phloem transport, phloem loading and unloading, passive and active solute transport, membrane transport proteins.

UNIT-II

Signal transduction: Overview, receptors and G-proteins, phospholipid signaling, role of cyclic nucleotides, calcium-calmodulin cascade, diversity in protein kinases and phosphatases, specific signaling mechanisms, e.g., two-component sensor-regulator system in bacteria and plants, sucrose-sensing mechanism.

Photochemistry and photosynthesis: General concepts and historical background, evolution of photosynthetic apparatus, photosynthetic pigments and light harvesting complexes, photo-oxidation of water, mechanisms of electron and proton transport, carbon assimilation – the Calvin cycle, photores-piration and its significance, the C₄ cycle, the CAM pathway, physiological and ecological considerations, Carbohydrates – their classification, chemistry and metabolism.

UNIT-III

Respiration and lipid metabolism: Overview of plant respiration, glycolysis, the TCA cycle, electron transport and ATP synthesis, pentose phosphate pathway and other alternative pathways, glyoxylate cycle, alternative oxidase system, Structure and function of lipids, fatty acid biosynthesis, synthesis of membrane lipids, structural lipids, storage lipids, and their catabolism.

Nitrogen fixation, nitrogen and sulphur metabolism: Overview, biological nitrogen fixation, nodule formation and nod factors, mechanism of nitrate uptake and reduction, ammonium assimilation, sulfate uptake, transport and assimilation.

UNIT-IV

Sensory photobiology: History of discovery of phytochromes and cryptochromes and their photochemical and biochemical properties,

photophysiology of light induced responses, cellular localization, molecular mechanism of action of photomorphogenic receptors, signaling and gene expression.

Plant growth regulators and elicitors: Physiological effects and mechanism of action of auxins, gibberellins, cytokinins, ethylene, abscisic acid, brassinosteroides, polyamines, jasmonic acid and salicylic acid, hormone receptors, signal transduction and gene expression.

UNIT-V

Plant Rhythms and biological clock, Secondary metabolites - Alkaloids and steroids

The flowering process: Photoperiodism and its significance, endogenous clock and its regulation, floral induction and development – genetic and molecular analysis, vernalization.

Stress physiology: Plant responses to biotic and abiotic stress, mechanisms of biotic and abiotic stress tolerance, HR and SAR, water deficit and drought resistance, salinity stress, metal toxicity, freezing and heat stress, oxidative stress.