

9. Goode and Hatt : Methods in Social Research (McGraw Hill Book Company, Tokyo).
10. Dennis J. Patumbo : Statistics in Political and Behavioral Science (Appleton Century - Corft. New York).
11. हेलन एवं प्रसाद : सामाजिक अनुसंधान, रस्तोगी, पब्लिशर्स, शिवाजी रोड, मेरठ, 1973
12. रामनाथ शर्मा : सामाजिक सर्वेक्षण एवं अनुसंधान (राजहंस प्रकाशन मन्दिर, मेरठ)
13. डॉ. आर. एन. त्रिवेदी एवं डॉ. डी. पी. शुक्ला : रिसर्च मेथडोलोजी, कॉलेज बुक डिपो, जयपुर, 1989
14. पारसनाथ राय : अनुसंधान परिचय (लक्ष्मीनारायण अग्रवाल, आगरा -3)
15. सत्यपाल रुहेला : सर्वेक्षण, अनुसंधान और सांख्यिकी, विकास पब्लिशिंग हाऊस, दिल्ली, 1970
16. रविन्द्रनाथ मुखर्जी : सामाजिक सर्वेक्षण व शोध (सरस्वती सदन, दिल्ली)
17. बी. एम. जैन : रिसर्च मेथडोलोजी (रिसर्च पब्लिकेशन, जयपुर)
18. श्यामलाल वर्मा : राजनीति विज्ञान में अनुसंधान प्रविधि, राजस्थान हिन्दी ग्रंथ अकादमी, जयपुर

## PAPER-IX (B)

### ADVANCE INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT

**Unit I :** Kautilya, Manu, Shukra

**Unit II :** Raja Ram Mohan Roy, Dayanand Saraswati, Arbindo Ghosh.

**Unit III :** Gopal Krishna Gokhale, Bal Gangadhar Tilak, Mahatma Gandhi.

**Unit IV :** Pt. Jawahar Lal Nehru, Jai Prakash Narain, Ram Manohar Lohia.

**Unit V :** M.N. Roy, Mohammed Iqbal, V.D. Savarkar.

#### Core Books

Verma, V.P. : Modern Indian Political Thought

Karunakaran, K.P. : Continuity and change in Indian Politics

Buch, M.M. : Rise and Growth of Indian Liberalism

Buch, M.M. : Rise and Growth of Militant Nationalism.

#### Additional Readings:

Mathur, D.B. : Gokhale: Political Biography  
Lal Bahadur: Muslim League

Raman Murti : Non-violence in Politics

- Shay : The Legacy of Lokmanya
- Karan Singh : Aurobindo- The Prophet of Indian Nationalism
- Das, D.A. : The Political Philosophy of Jawahar Lal Nehru
- Sharma, B.S. : The Political Philosophy of M.N. Roy.
- Dhawan : Political Philosophy of Mahatma Gandhi
- Arora, V.K. : The Social and Political Philosophy of Vivekandanda
- Dr. Kanhaiya Lal Rajpurohit : Philosophical Nationalism (Hindi).

## M.PHIL EXAMINATION : 2007-2008

The M.Phil course in Political Science will comprise of 2 papers including dissertation which will be equivalent to 2 papers. Each paper will be of 3 hours duration and all carry 80 marks. There will be internal assessment of 20 marks in each paper. Dissertation will be of 200 marks.

Students will be required to offer the core course in RESEARCH METHODOLOGY and any two of the following papers in different groups (but not more than one from any single group):

### PAPER - I : RESEARCH METHODOLOGY (COMPULSORY)

### PAPER - II and III

#### GROUP-A : POLITICAL THEORY

- Paper I : Twentieth century Political Thought
- Paper II : Specialized and imperative study of Political Thinkers of Texts.

#### GROUP-B : INTERNATIONAL POLITICS

- Paper I : Problems of Contemporary International Politics.
- Paper II : Foreign Policies of Super Powers.
- Paper III : Foreign Policy of India.
- Paper IV : Quest for Peace and Peace Research.

## GROUP-C : INDIAN POLITICAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE SYSTEM

Paper I : Parliamentary System in India.

Paper II : Federalism in India.

Paper III : Bureaucracy and Policy Making in India

Paper IV : District Administration and Local Politics in India.

Following are the detailed outlines of the course which will be taught in 2004-2005:

### PAPER-I : RESEARCH METHODOLOGY (COMPULSORY)

#### Unit I

Nature of social research-inter-play between theory and research-pure and applied research, Methodological problems in the study of social phenomena, theory building in Political Science and the problems associated with it.

#### Unit II

Formulation of research design: definition of the Problem-concept formation and hypotheses units of study and sampling.

#### Unit III

Primary and Secondary data, Source of Collection of Data. Tools of data collection: Observation, case study

method, interview, questionnaire, schedule and content analysis method - its role and significance in Political Science.

#### Unit IV

Data Analysis: Editing, proper - space, classification, codification and Tabulation, Data interpretation and report writing.

#### Unit V

Problem of measurement in social research: Mean, Mode, Median, chi-square and standard deviation etc.

#### Suggested Readings :

1. Galtung, John : Theory and Methods to Social Research (London 1970).
2. Moser, C.A. and Kalton, G. : Survey Methods in Social Investigation (London 1971).
3. Shively W. Philips : The Craft of Political Research.
4. Miller, D.C. : Handbook of Research Design and Social Measurement.
5. डॉ. एस. पी. आर्य : सामाजिक सर्वेक्षण की पद्धतियाँ
6. James C. Charlesworth, (Ed.) : Contemporary Political Analysis (Thefree Press, New York).

7. Stephen L. Wesby : Political Science: The discipline and its Dimensions: An Introduction (New York / Charles Scribener's Sons).
8. Charles, H. Gerlad D. Hurish : Survey Research (North Western Bachstorm & University Press).
9. Goode and Hatt : Methods in Social Research (Mc Graw Hill Book Company, Tokyo).
10. Dennis, J. Palumbo : Statistics in Political and Behavioral Science (Appleton-Century-Croft, New York).
11. Shyam Lal Verma : Adhunik Rajneetik Siddant (Meenakshi Prakashan, Meerut).
12. हेलन एवं प्रसाद : सामाजिक अनुसंधान (रस्तोगी पब्लिशर्स) शिवाजी रोड, मेरठ-2, 1973
13. रामनाथ शर्मा : सामाजिक सर्वेक्षण एवं अनुसंधान (राजहंस प्रकाशन मन्दिर, मेरठ)
14. पारसनाथ राय : अनुसंधान परिचय (लक्ष्मीनारायण अग्रवाल, आगरा-3)

15. सत्यपाल रुहेला : सर्वेक्षण, अनुसंधान और सांख्यिकी, (विकास पब्लिशिंग हाऊस, दिल्ली -1970)
16. रविन्द्रनाथ मुखर्जी : सामाजिक सर्वेक्षण व शोध, (सरस्वती सदन दिल्ली)
17. बी. एम. जैन : रिसर्च मेथोडोलोजी (रिसर्च पब्लिकेशंस, जयपुर)
18. श्याम लाल वर्मा : राजनीति विज्ञान में अनुसंधान प्रविधियाँ।
19. डॉ. आर. एन. त्रिवेदी एवं डॉ. पी. शुक्ला : रिसर्च मेथडोलोजी, कॉलेज बुक डिपो, जयपुर

## GROUP-A : POLITICAL THEORY

### PAPER-A (I)

## TWENTIETH CENTURY POLITICAL THOUGHT

The student should be able to discuss both in analytical and historical terms the main trends in twentieth century political thought with special reference to the following texts:

#### Text Prescribed:

1. Lenin : On Imperialism
2. Mao : New Democracy and the Peasant Revolution Humans in Selected Works.
3. Laski : A Grammar of Politics I
4. Rawls : Justice As Fairness
5. Dijlas : The B New Class
6. Garaudy : The Turning Point of Socialism
7. Sartre : The Problem Method.
8. Marcuse : One dimensional Man.
9. Hayek : The Road to Serfdom.
10. Oakeshott : Rationalism in Politics.

11. Easton : The Political System.
12. Almond : His Essay in Pol. Dev. in the Civic Culture (Sidny Verba)
13. Gandhi : Selected Writings.
14. M.N. Roy : Parties, Politics and Power (Calcutta, 1960).
15. Sri Aurobindo : The Human Cycle.

#### Additional Readings:

1. R. Prece : Contemporary French Political Thought.
2. Gould and Thursby (Ed.) : Modern Political Thought
3. G. Lichtheim : Maxism.
4. I. Deusther : Ironies of History.
5. Burns : Ideas in Conflict

## PAPER-A (II)

### SPECIALISED AND COMPARATIVE STUDY OF POLITICAL THINKERS AND TEXTS

A detailed, specialised and Comparative study of Political ideas of Texts of Thinkers from any one of the following groups:

- a. i. Gokhale G.K.
- ii. Shri Aurobindo
- iii. M.N. Roy
- b. i. M.K. Gandhi
- ii. Jawaharlal Nehru
- III. Jai Prakash.

## GROUP-B : INTERNATIONAL POLITICS

### PAPER-B (I)

#### PROBLEMS OF CONTEMPORARY INTERNATIONAL POLITICS

- I. **What is International Politics:** Nature and scope; Development of studies; Is International politics an independent discipline? Different terms and their meaning.
- II. **Cold War and Military Alliances:**
  1. Origins and Early Years of the Cold War: Potsdam; Atom Bomb; Truman doctrine and Marshall Plan.
  2. Cold War in the fifties; Soviet advance in Eastern Europe; Vandenberg Resolution; German Stalemate NATO; Korean War and its Aftermath; Death of Stalin and the new leadership in USSR; Warsaw Pact; Hungary; Soviet overtures to Cuba.
  3. Cold War in the sixties: Soviet ultimatum on Germany; Cuban Missile Crisis; Sino Soviet Schism; Fear of Thermonuclear War; Losening of Intra-bloc cohesion; Towards Detente.
  4. Cold War and Detente in the seventies: Nuclear Stalemate; Common interests in Non-proliferation and Arms Limitation; Indian Ocean Rivalry; Future of Cold War and detente.

**III. Disarmament and Arms Control :** Meaning and Implication; Multiplication and Increasing sophistication of armaments; Partial Test Ban Treaty (PTBT) Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT); SALT Agreements: Other Disarmament and Arms Control Measures; Current Military Balance; Prospects and Possibilities.

**IV. Decolonization and Asian-African-Resurgence :** Britain and India; Pakistan; Burma and Ceylon; Indonesia and Malaysia; British Retreat from Africa and the Rhodesian Issue; End of French and Belgian Empires; Portuguese Withdrawal, Decolonisation.

**V. Non-Alignment :** Meaning and Implication; Growth and Problems of Non-Alignment; Successive Conferences at Bandung, Belgrade, Cairo, Lusaka, and Algiers; India and Non-Alignment.

**VI. Experiments in Regional/Multinational Cooperation:** Role of Regional Associations: Structure and character of OAU, OAS, the Commonwealth and EEC: India and the Commonwealth.

**VII. World Energy Crisis and International Politics :** Nature and Origin of the Crisis; Oil Diplomacy; Super Power Response to the Crisis; Third World and Energy Crisis.

**VIII. War and Peace in Vietnam and West Asia :** Causes of Conflict; Major Battles; Efforts for Settlement; Current situation and Prospects.

**IX. Conflict and Cooperation in the Indian Subcontinent :** Forces of Harmony and Discord in the Subcontinent: Indo-Pakistan Cooperations till 1917: Post-19 efforts towards Normalisation and Regional Stability; Hindrances to Normalisation; Current Scene and Prospects.

**Suggested Readings :**

1. Dhar, S.N. : International Relations and World Politics since, 1919. Bombay, 1967.
2. Halle, L.J. : The Cold War as History, New York, 1967.
3. Hoffman, Stanley : Contemporary Theory in International Relations, Englewood Cliffs, 1960.
4. Jansen, G.H. : Afro-Asia and Non-Alignment
5. Langsam, Walter, C. & O.C. Mitchell : The World Since 1919 (8th Edition), New York, 1917).
6. Luard, E. : The Cold War, London, 1964.
7. Lukacs, J. : The History of the Cold War, New York, 1962.
8. Mayne, R. : The Community of Europe, New York, 1963.

9. Misra, K.P. (Ed.) : Studies in Indian Foreign Policy Delhi, 1971.
10. Morgenthau, Hans, J. : Politics among Nations (2nd Edition) Calcutta, 1967.
11. Naik, J.. : India, Russia, China and Bangladesh, Delhi, 1972.
12. Neuhausser, Charles : Third World Politics, Cambridge, 1968.
13. Northedge, F.S. & M.J. Grieve : A Hundred Years of International Relations, 1971.
14. Palmer, Norman & Howard Perkins : International Relations (Indian Edition) Culcutta, 1969.
15. Schuman, Frederick, L. : International Politics (6th Edition) New York, 1960.
16. Schuman, F.L. : The Cold War, Retrospect & Prospect.
17. Wolfers Arnold (Ed.) : Alliance Policy in the Cold War, Baltimore, 1959.

## PAPER-B (II)

### FOREIGN POLICIES OF SUPER POWERS

The Syllabus of the paper would broadly cover the following:

- (a) The origin of Powers and history of World war; the foreign policy of the United States: National Interests and commitments - foreign policy decision making, hierarchy -- the Processes and Limitations of foreign policy making.
- (b) The foreign policy of the Soviet Union-National interest, commitments and ideologies- the foreign policy decision-making hierarchy and foreign policy processes.
- (c) Super-Powers and south and West Asia in the specific context of strategic, political and economic stakes.
- (d) Super-powers and the tools of their foreign policies with special reference to South and west Asia: Diplomacy cultural and economic, foreign aid and trade; supply of armaments etc.
- (e) The relations of the Super powers with the Governments, Political Parties, and the revolutionary movements in South and West Asia.



### **Suggested Readings :**

1. Fortaine, Andre : History of the Cold War: From the Korean War to the Present (London, 1970).
2. Hurewitz, J.C.(Ed.): Soviet American Rivalry in the Middle East (New York, 1969).
3. Bavaja, Balvant : The Politics of Triangle; The Alignment Pattern in South Asia.
4. H.K. Jacobson (Ed.): America's Foreign Policy.
5. Robinson, A.Z. (Ed.): The Foreign Policy of the Soviet Union.

### **Suggested Journals:**

1. Foreign Affairs.
2. Asian Survey.
3. International Studies.

## **PAPER B (III)**

### **FOREIGN POLICY OF INDIA**

The paper would broadly cover the following:

#### **Unit I**

The birth of Indian National Congress and the evolution of India's world view-the geographical, cultural and economic foundations of India's foreign policy.

#### **Unit II**

The foreign policy decision making, structure and processes. The concept and role of non-alignment in Indian foreign policies.

#### **Unit III**

India's relationship with USA, USSR, Russia, China and Pakistan.

#### **Unit IV**

India's relations with Africa, West Asia, South East Asia, Latin America, Europe.

#### **Unit V**

India's diplomacy at the United Nations. Implications of the development of nuclear technology for India's foreign policy, economic diplomacy, SAARC and India's role in the regional politics of South Asia.

### **Suggested Readings :**

1. Eckelen, Van : Indian Foreign Policy. W.F.
2. Barkes, Ross N. & Mohinder S. Bedi : The Diplomacy of India.
3. D. Bowless, : Ambassador's Report, New York, 1954. Chester
4. Gupta, : India's Foreign Policy in Karunakaran : Defence of National OInterest Calcutta, 1956.
5. A. Appadorai and : India's Foreign Policy. M.S. Rajan
6. S.S. Bindra : India and her neighbours (Deep and Deep Publications, New Delhi-27).
7. India's Foreign Policy : Selected Speeches by Jawaharlal Nehru, Government of India Publication, 1961.
8. Karunakaran, K. : Indian in World Affairs, August 1947. January 1950, Calcuta, 1952, India in World Affairs, 1950-1953, Calcutta, 1950.
9. Rajkumar, N.C.V. : The Background of India's (Ed.) Foreign Policy, New Delhi, 1952.
10. Chaturvedi & Lodha (Ed.) : India's Foreign Policy and the Emerging World Order, 1998.

### **Suggested Journals:**

1. India Quarterly.
2. International Studies.
3. Foreign Affairs.

### **PAPER - B (IV) : QUEST FOR PEACE AND PEACE STUDIES**

1. Peace - Its meaning and implications - Positive and negative peace.
2. Meaning of Violence-Direct and Structural Violence.
3. Conflict-Conflict Management and Conflict Resolution.
4. Globalization - Interdependence.
5. East-West Confrontation and North-South Disparity.
6. Dominance and Dependence - question of Enquiry and Structural Change.
7. World Military Order-Arms Transfer to Third World.
8. Arms Control and Disarmament-Political Strategies for disarmament.
9. Disarmament strategies and alternative Defence Policies.
10. Development-Two Decades of Development-Its results and assessment-Crisis in Development-Dependent Development.
11. Limits to Growth-Visions of New World. World Order - Model Project (WOMP).
12. Peace Movements-Grass-Roots Movements.

### Suggested Readings:

1. Saul Mendlovitz : On the Creation of Jut World Order (Free Press, 1975).
2. Richard Flak : A Study of Future Worlds (Free Press, 1975).
3. Johan Galtung : The True Worlds (Free Press, 1979).
4. Ioan Bondurant : The Conquest of Violence (Barkeley, 1965).
5. Willy Brandt : North-South -A Programme for Survival.
6. Alva Myrdal : The Game of disarmament (Pantheen Books, N.Y., 1976).
7. Gene Sharp : The Politics of Non-Violent Action-3 Parts (Sargent Porter, Boston, 1974).
8. Mahendra Kumar : Current Peace Research and India (Gandhian Institute of Studies, Rajghat Varanasi, 1968).
9. Mahendra Kumar : Violence and Non-Violence in International Relations (Thomson Press, Delhi, 1975).

10. D.N. Pathak : Intimations of a Peaceful Society (Peace Research Centre, Gujarat Vidyapith, Navjivan Press, 1985).

### Journals :

1. Alternatives (Editor Rajni Kothari and Others) Centre for the Study of Developing Societies 29 Rajpur Road, N. Delhi-54).
2. Peace Research Abstracts Journal : Peace Research Institute, 25 Dundana Avenue, Dundas, ontario, Canade(94 4E5).
3. Journal of Peace Research (From Oslo, Norway) (Journal of Peace Research Publications, 200 Meacham Elmont, N.Y. 1100 3).

**GROUP - C**  
**INDIAN POLITICAL AND  
ADMINISTRATIVE SYSTEMS**

**Paper - C (I)**  
**PARLIAMENTARY SYSTEM IN INDIA**

**Unit I**

Nature of Indian Political System - Approaches to the Study of Indian Govt. and Politics.

The Ordering Framework-Nature of constitutional system. Efficacy of Westminster Model and the demand for change.

**Unit II**

Structural Framework and its operating dynamics with special Legacies reference to federalism Parliamentary system, Judiciary Political Socialisation forms and agents of Political Socialisation Forms and agents of Political Socialisation Continuity and discontinuity in socialisation.

**Unit III**

Political culture and Belief, Typology.

**Unit IV**

Legal Culture and Social change - The role of Panchayats. Pandits and Professionals, traditional and Modern Justics.

**Unit V**

The anglicisation of brahmanical canonical law. nation Building and Political Development.

**Suggested Readings :**

1. A.K. Hanson & Janet Douglas : Indian Democracy.
2. W.H. Morres-Jones : The Govt. and Politics of India.
3. Lloyd Rudolph and Snsanne Rudolph : The Modernly of Tradition. Lloyd
4. G.S. Deol : National Building & Political Development.
5. Norman D. Palmer: Indian Political System.
6. Granville, Austin : Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation (Oxford, 1972).
7. Gupta, K. Surendra: Citizens in Making (National Delhi, 1975).

**Journals Suggested:**

1. Political Science Review.
2. Indian Journal of Political Science.
3. Pacific Affairs.
4. Asian Survey.

## PAPER-C (II): FEDERALISM IN INDIA

### Unit I

Classical and Modern Theories of Federalism; Indian Federalism: its evolution and unique Characteristics. The constitutional frame of centre state relations, emergency provisions.

### Unit II

The Infrastructure of Indian Federalism. The role of Planning Commission, National Development Council (NDC) - Governor in Union State Relations, Supreme Court as Guardian of Federal System.

### Unit III

Working of Indian Federal System during Nehru, Janata regime and Indira Gandhi Period. Non-Congressism and Federal Government of India, Coalition Governments at the State and Centre level and its impact on Indian federalism.

### Unit IV

Challenges to India's National Integration - Federal Options to Problems of democracy - Regionalism, Linguism, Communalism and Casteism, Demand for smaller states and tension areas in Indian Federalism.

### Unit V

Indian Federal Experiences compared with that of USA, Switzerland and Canada Recent trends in Indian Federalism.

### Suggested Readings :

1. Haqi S.A.H. : Federalism in India
2. Santhanam : Union state Relations in India.
3. Siwatch, J.R. : Office of the Governor.
4. Canada A. : Federalism in India.
5. Baxi, Upendra : Supreme Court of India.
6. K.C. Wheare : Federal Government, 1951.
7. Sir Iver Jennings : Some characteristics of the Indian Constitution.
8. D.D. Basu : Commentary on the Constitution of India
9. Living Stone : Federation and Constitutional Change
10. Ashok Chanda : Federation in India, London, 1968
11. Morris Jones : The Government and Politics of India.
12. Zenab Banu (Ed) : Decline and Fall of Indian Politics
13. Rashiduddin Khan: Federal India: A Design for Change

14. K.R. Bombwall : The Foundation of Indian Federalism
15. S.L. Verma : la?kokn
16. Zenab Banu : Communal Politics in India: a Politico-Historical Analysis of Communal riots in post independence India.
17. Sarkaria Commission : Government of India, 1986. Report
18. Rajmannar Committee Report, Government of India, 1971.
19. Babu Lal Fadia : Contemporary Indian Politics.
20. Binod K. Sinha : Governors as a Factor of Indian Federation
21. B.L. Pangaria : State Politics in India

## **PAPER-C (III) : BUREAUCRACY AND POLICY MAKING IN INDIA**

### **Unit I**

Theories of Bureaucracy - Weber, Marton, Blau and Laplambora on Bureaucracy - The Marxian Critique-Issues of Representation, Specialization Accountability and Commitment - Bureaucracy in India-Profiles, Profiles, Porcedures and role performance.

### **Unit II**

Policy matters and Policy making - Ideological and administrative determinants of Public Policy. Policy Planning and Bureaucratic Participation - Policy Planning and Bureaucratic participation - Administrative feed-back and problems at the levels of formulation, implementation and review of public policy in a democratic policy - Bureaucracy as a tool of change in continuity in Public Policy.

### **Unit III**

Bureaucratic perceptions of Democracy and Development in India - Policy Questions and Nature of Interactions between Policy Makers - Relationship of Bureaucracy with Political loaders, Political Parties, and Pressure groups - Organisation of Bureaucracy in India and its response to planned development at Federal, State and district levels.

#### **Unit IV**

Dilemmas and Difficulties of Public Servants in Administration of Public Policy - Bureaucracy as a Pressure Group - Bureaucracy and Developmental Process-Administrative Development and Development Administration.

#### **Unit V**

A Review of Public Policy documents - Policy evaluation and Policy changes in India during last 30 years-Reorganisation of Policy apparatus - Democratisation of Bureaucracy.

#### **Suggested Readings :**

1. Aggeret al, The Rulers and the Ruled.
2. Swardlow I, Development Administration.
3. Braibanti R. Political and Administrative Development.
4. Weidnar, Development Administrative in Asia.
5. Powell Responsible Public Bureaucracy in U.S.
6. Cozier, The Bureaucratic Phenomena.
7. Albrow Bureaucracy.

## **PAPER-C (IV): DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION AND LOCAL POLITICS IN INDIA**

#### **Unit I**

Concept, Nature and Parameters of District Administration - Evolution and Major land marks in Administrative History - District Administration before and after Independence - District in the Constitutional Democratic, Policy of India, The developmental Thrusts.

#### **Unit II**

Organisation of District Bureaucracy at the level of District and Below - The Administrations of land Revenue. Law and order, Civil and Criminal Justice and Development, Emergencies and Social Security - problem areas-Relationship with Panchayati Raj Bodies and Separation of Judiciary.

#### **Unit III**

Rural Development and District Administration, C.D. and Panchayati Raj Experiments - Micro and Macro Level Planning - Integral Rural Development-Rural Development and Social Change-Sarvodaya and Antyodaya Experiments.

#### **Unit IV**

Rural Development and District Administration, C.D. and Panchayati Raj Experiments - Micro and Macro Level Planning - Integral Rural Development- Rural Develop-

ment and Social Change - Sarvodaya and Antyodaya Experiments.

### Unit V

Administrative set up of the district of the future- Three tier Federalism and Constitutional, Administration of Panchayati Raj - Reform in Local Government and rural Administration for rural Development.

#### Suggested Readings :

1. Khera, S. : District Administration in India.
2. Shukla, L.D. : District Administration.
3. Jain and Chaturvedi : District Administration.
4. Dubhasi P.R. : Rural Development Administration.
5. Khan, W. : Rural Institutions and Agricultural Development.
6. Jain, S.C. : Community Development in India.
7. Reports (B.R. Mehta, Sadiq Ali and Ashok Mehta).

## POST GRADUATE DIPLOMA COURSE IN GOOD GOVERNANCE AND DEMOCRATIC DECENTRALIZATION

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| COURSE LEVEL      | : Post- Graduate Diploma                          |
| COURSE TITLE      | : Good Governance and Democratic Decentralization |
| COURSE CURRICULUM | : 3 Papers and 1 dissertation                     |
| Paper -1          | : Theories of Governance                          |
| Paper -2          | : Issues of Governance in India                   |
| Paper -3          | : Democratic Decentralization in India            |
| Paper -4          | : Compulsory Dissertation                         |
| COURSE DURATION   | : One year  |
| COURSE INTAKE     | : 20 Students : Graduates from any discipline     |



## Paper I : Theories of Governance

**Note :** The question paper will be divided into 5 units in accordance with the course contents. Each unit will contain two questions and candidates have to answer one question from each unit. Maximum marks will be 100 and all questions will carry equal marks.

### Unit I

Basic political thought of Plato, Aristotle, Kautilya, Machiavelli, Marx and Gandhi.

### Unit II

Ideologies of Governance : Liberalism, Idealism, Fascism, Socialism and Anarchism.

### Unit III

State: Nature and functions, Welfare State, Democracy: Meaning and nature, process and problems of Democratic expansion.

### Unit IV

Good Governance : Meaning, nature and scope; Transparency, Accountability, Civil Society, Social Movements.

### Unit V

Globalization and Liberalization, Human Rights. Women Empowerment, Environmental Concerns, Terrorism Development Issues.

### Suggested Readings :

1. Sir E. Barker, *The Political Thought of Plato and Aristotle*, New York, Dover Publications, 1959.
2. R.N. Beri, *The History of Political Thought. A Short Introduction*, London, Dent, 1977.
3. G. Catlin, *A History of Political Philosophies*, London, George Allen and Unwin, 1950.
4. A.S. Altekar, *State and Government in Ancient India*, Delhi, Motilal Banarsidass, 1966.
5. R. Iyer, *The Moral and Political Thought of Mahatma Gandhi*, OUP, 1973.
6. L.P. Baradat, *Political Ideologies: Their Origins and Impact*, Englewood Cliffs NJ, Prentice Hall, 1989.
7. F. Cunningham, *Theories of Democracy-A Critical Introduction*, London and New York, Routledge, 2002.
8. D. Held, *Political Theory and the Modern State*, Cambridge, Polity Press, 1989.
9. M. Albgrow and E. King (eds.). *The Global Age*, Cambridge, Polity 1996.

10. R. Cohen and P. Kennedy. *Global Sociology*, London, St. Martin Press 1999.
11. L. Diamond, *Political Culture and Democracy in Developing Countries*, Boulder Colorado, 1993.
12. S.P. Huntington, *The Third Wave: Democratization in the Late Twentieth Century*, Norman, 1991.
13. R. Halton, *Globalization and the Nation State*, Macmillan 1998.

## **Paper II : Issues of Governance in India**

**Note :** The question paper shall be divided into 5 units in accordance with the course contents. Each unit will contain two questions and candidates have to answer one question from each unit. Maximum marks will be 100 and all questions will carry equal marks.

### **Unit I**

Constitution of India : Basic Features; Fundamental Rights and Duties; Directive Principles of State Policy; Federalism, Constitutional Review;

### **Unit II**

Structure and Functioning of the Union Executive, Legislature and Judiciary; Bureaucracy, Politics and Corruption;

### **Unit III**

Nature of Indian Democracy, Process of Indian Democracy, Socio-economic determinants of Indian Democracy: caste, religion, region and Poverty.

### **Unit IV**

Emerging trends in State Politics; Demand for state autonomy, working of coalition Governments; Electoral politics in India; Defects and Reforms of the electoral process.

## Unit V

Civil Society, Subaltern politics, Social Movements, Major Pressure Groups : trade unions, Chambers of Commerce, peasant groups, human rights and environment movements. Issues of Transparency and Accountability: Right to Information.

### Suggested Readings :

1. G. Austin, *The Indian Constitution: Corner Stone of a Nation*, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1966.
2. —, *Working a Democratic Constitution: The Indian Experience*, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2000.
3. D.D. Basu, *An Introduction to the Constitution of India*, New Delhi, Prentice Hall, 1994.
4. C.P. Bhambri, *The Indian State: Fifty Years*, New Delhi, Shipra, 1999.
5. K.R. Bombwall, *The Foundations of Indian Federalism*, Bombay, Asia Publishing House, 1967.
6. A.H. Hanson and J. Douglas, *India's Democracy*, Delhi, Vikas, 1972.
7. N.G. Jayal (ed.), *Democracy in India*, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2001.
8. I. Jennings, *Some Characteristics of the Indian Constitution*, London, Oxford University Press, 1953.
9. A. Kohli, *Democracy and Discontent: India's Growing Crisis of Governability*, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1991.
10. R. Kothari, *Caste and Politics in India*, New Delhi, Orient Longmans, 1970.
11. J. Manor (ed.), *Nehru to the Nineties: The Changing Office of the Prime Minister in India*, Delhi, Viking, 1994.
12. W.H. Morris Jones, *Government and Politics in India*, Delhi, BI Publications, 1974.
13. I. Narain (ed.), *State Politics in India*, Meenakshi Prakashan, 1967.
14. M.V. Pylee, *Constitutional Government in India*, Bombay, Asia Publishing House, 1977.

### **Paper III : Democratic Decentralization in India**

**Note :** The question paper shall be divided into 5 units in accordance with the course contents. Each unit will contain two questions and candidates have to answer one question from each unit. Maximum marks will be 100 and all questions will carry equal marks.

#### **Unit I**

Democratic Decentralization: Meaning and Nature; Ancient and Modern perspectives; Gandhi, Jai Prakash Narain, Ram Manohar Lohia and Vinoba Bhave.

#### **Unit II**

Indian Democracy at the Grass-roots level since Independence: rural and urban.

#### **Unit III**

A Study of the 73<sup>rd</sup> Constitutional Amendment Act: Basic Features; Composition and Power of Panchayati Raj Institutions, Finances, Bureaucracy at PRI level (Special Reference to Rajasthan).

#### **Unit IV**

A Study of the 74<sup>th</sup> Constitutional Amendment Act: Basic Features; Composition and Powers of Urban Local Self Government, Finances, Bureaucracy at Urban level (Special Reference to Rajasthan).

#### **Unit V**

Experience of Local Self- Government at Rural and Urban levels.

#### **Suggested Readings :**

1. B.S. Bhargava, *Grassroots leadership: A Study of Leadership In Panchayati Raj Institutions*, Delhi, Ashish, 1979.
2. T.N. Chaturvedi (ed.), *Local Government*, New Delhi, Indian Institute of Public Administration, 1984.
3. ...., and R.B. Jain, *Panchayati Raj*, New Delhi, Indian Institute of Public Administration, 1981.
4. S.N. Jha, and P.C. Mathur, *Decentralization and Local Politics*, New Delhi, Sage, 1999.
5. M. Kihlberg, *The Panchayati Raj of India: Debate in a Developing Country*, Delhi, Young Asia, 1970.
6. S. Maheswari, *Local Government in India*, Agra, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, 1996.
7. G. Mathew, *Panchayati Raj: From Legislation to Movement*, New Delhi, Concept, 1994.
8. N. Rajagopal Rao, *Panchayati Raj. A Study of Rural Local Government in India*, New Delhi, Uppal, 1992.
9. K.C. Sharma, *Leadership in Panchayati Raj*, Jaipur, Printwell, 1996.
10. S. Sharma, *Grassroot Politics and Panchayati Raj*, New Delhi, Deep and Deep, 1994.
11. R.V.P. Singh, *Financing of panchayati Raj Institutions*, New Delhi Deep and Deep, 1993.

#### **Paper 4 : Dissertation**

In this paper students will be required to write a dissertation on a theme related to issues of democratic decentralization. It will be of 100 marks.