

Paper 1.4

FAMILY LAW – I (HINDU LAW)

Max. Marks: 100

Min.

Marks: 36

Note :

- a. In order to ensure that students do not leave out important portions of the syllabus, examiners shall be free to repeat the questions set in the previous examination.
- b. Leading cases prescribed under this paper may be read whenever they are relevant.

1. **Hindu Law:** Sources, Who are Hindu and to whom Hindu Law apply, Schools and application, Coparcenary, Joint Family Property and Self Acquired Property; Karta and his powers and obligation, Religious and Charitable Endowments - Essentials of an endowments kinds, shebait and mahant.
2. **The Hindu Marriage Act, 1955** : as amended
3. **The Hindu Succession Act, 1956** : as amended
4. **The Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956** : as amended
5. **The Hindu Minority and Guardianship Act, 1956** : as amended
6. **Partition Under Hindu Law** : Meaning, Property for partition, Persons entitled to sue for partition and allotment of shares, partition how effected, determination of shares, Re-opening of partition. Reunion; Debts-Doctrine of pious obligation Antecedent debts.

LEADING CASE:

1. Githa Hariharan v. Reserve Bank of India AIR 1999 S.C. 1149
2. Guru Nath v. Kamla Bai, A.I.R. 1955, S.C. 280.
3. Gopal Rao v. Sitharamamma, A.I.R. 1964, S.C. 1970
4. Angurbala Mullick v. Deabrata Mullick, 1951, S.C.R. 1125
5. Sawan Ram v. Kalawati, A.I.R. 1967, S.C. 1761

BOOKS FOR STUDY :

1. Shrinivas, M.M. : Principles of Hindu Law
2. Raghavacharya : Hindu Law – Principles & Precedents.
3. Mulla : Principles of Hindu Law

4. Derrett. J.D.M. : Modern Hindu Law
5. P. Dewan : Modern Hindu Law
6. Tahir Mohmood : Hindu Law
7. केसरी, यू.डी. पी. : हिन्दु विधि
8. पारस दीवान : आधुनिक हिन्दु विधि
9. UPD Kesari : Hindu Law

